

Fulvic Acid & Vegetal Silica

Most Calcium Supplements Don't Seem To Be Effective

It has become obvious that calcium supplements are not working properly. People continue to suffer deficiency and degenerative diseases in spite of efforts from the medical profession to remedy the problem. People that have had large amounts of calcium in their water supply, milk, and other mineral sources, show no improvement either.

How is the human body meant to obtain calcium? It is a well known fact that the human body was meant to eat a diet high in fresh fruits, vegetables, and grains. In that knowledge is the answer and key to the problem.

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Fresh food crops grown in balanced organic soil, high in compost and teeming with microbes would contain ample Fulvic acid and vegetal silica. Yet today our crops are grown in near sterile soil with few microbes, little Fulvic acid, and are picked, refrigerated and stored until they are often not very fresh anyway. Yet how would vegetal silica and Fulvic acid help with calcium?

Vegetal Silica Trans mutates into Calcium

The public will be interested to learn that major calcium benefits are best derived from vegetal silica and not from calcium. As more and more information is discovered about the profound importance of silica in the human diet, noted researchers are suggesting that silica should be listed as an "essential" element. Among those researchers is Professor Louis C. Kervran, a former Minister of Health in France. Aided by the official laboratories of France, Kervran and associates concluded that the calcium needed by animal cells seldom is derived from mineral calcium, rather, it is the product of "biological transmutations" from silica and other elements.

Professor Louis C. Kervran's Research

They found that chickens totally deprived of calcium produced soft shelled eggs. When "mica" was added to their diets, the hens' ability to lay calcium rich, hard shelled eggs was restored. Mica contains no calcium; but, it does contain potassium and silica, both of which can be biologically trans mutated into calcium.

Kervran found that an analysis of incubated chicken eggs revealed that hatched chick's contained 400% more calcium than did the egg from which they came. Examination of eggs prior to incubation, revealed the yoke and the white to be separated from the shell by a membrane rich in organic silica. After incubation, the membrane was no longer present. The silica had trans mutated into calcium, which accounted for the four fold increase of calcium in the hatched chicks.

These same researchers conducted other controlled animal experiments. When vegetal silica was added to the diets of animals with broken bones, the bones healed much faster and stronger than the bones of a control group of animals deficient in vegetal silica but rich in mineral calcium.

Absence of Silica in Conjunction with Degenerative Disease

Patients with degenerative diseases nearly always show a considerable deficiency of silica in their bodies. It has been found that geographical areas rich in vegetal silica have lower cancer rates, while the opposite is true of locales with high calcium intake and low soluble silica.